MA4151

APPLIED PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERS

L T P C 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To encourage students to develop a working knowledge of the central ideas of Linear Algebra.
- To enable students to understand the concepts of Probability and Random Variables.
- To understand the basic probability concepts with respect to two dimensional random variables along with the relationship between the random variables and the significance of the central limit theorem.
- To apply the small / large sample tests through Tests of hypothesis.
- To enable the students to use the concepts of multivariate normal distribution and principal components analysis.

UNIT I LINEAR ALGEBRA

12

Vector spaces – norms – Inner Products – Eigenvalues using QR transformations – QR factorization – generalized eigenvectors – Canonical forms – singular value decomposition and applications – pseudo inverse – least square approximations.

UNIT II PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

12

Probability – Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem – Random variables – Probability function – Moments – Moment generating functions and their properties – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential, Gamma and Normal distributions – Function of a random variable.

UNIT III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES

12

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Functions of two-dimensional random variables – Regression curve – Correlation.

UNIT IV TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS

12

Sampling distributions – Type I and Type II errors – Small and Large samples – Tests based on Normal, t, Chi square and F distributions for testing of mean, variance and proportions – Tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

UNIT V MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS

12

Random vectors and matrices – Mean vectors and covariance matrices – Multivariate normal density and its properties – Principal components – Population principal components – Principal components from standardized variables.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1:apply the concepts of Linear Algebra to solve practical problems.

CO2:use the ideas of probability and random variables in solving engineering problems.

CO3:be familiar with some of the commonly encountered two dimensional random variables and be equipped for a possible extension to multivariate analysis.

CO4:use statistical tests in testing hypotheses on data.

CO5:develop critical thinking based on empirical evidence and the scientific approach to knowledge development.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dallas E Johnson, "Applied multivariate methods for data Analysis", Thomson and Duxbury press, Singapore, 1998.
- 2. Richard A. Johnson and Dean W. Wichern, "Applied multivariate statistical Analysis", Pearson Education, Fifth Edition, 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2013.
- 3. Bronson, R.,"Matrix Operation" Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2011.
- 4. Oliver C. Ibe, "Fundamentals of Applied probability and Random Processes", Academic Press, Boston, 2014.
- 5. Johnson R. A. and Gupta C.B., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson India Education, Asia, 9th Edition, New Delhi, 2017.

RM4151

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

LTPC

2 0 0 2

UNIT I RESEARCH DESIGN

6

Overview of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploratory data to answer the research question, Qualitative research, Observation studies, Experiments and Surveys.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES

6

Measurements, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instruments, Sampling and methods. Data - Preparing, Exploring, examining and displaying.

UNIT III DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING

6

Overview of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing and Measures of Association. Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and oral presentation.

UNIT IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

6

Intellectual Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development of concept of IPR, IPR development process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Biodiversity, Role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IPR practices, Types and Features of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

UNIT V PATENTS

6

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filing, Examination of patent, Grant of patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licenses, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.

REFERENCES

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

- 1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, "Business Research Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
- 2. Catherine J. Holland, "Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets", Entrepreneur Press, 2007.

- 3. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, "Patent searching: tools & techniques", Wiley, 2007.
- 4. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, "Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice", September 2013.

CP4151

ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the usage of algorithms in computing
- To learn and use hierarchical data structures and its operations
- To learn the usage of graphs and its applications
- To select and design data structures and algorithms that is appropriate for problems
- To study about NP Completeness of problems.

UNIT I ROLE OF ALGORITHMS IN COMPUTING & COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS

9

Algorithms – Algorithms as a Technology -Time and Space complexity of algorithms- Asymptotic analysis-Average and worst-case analysis-Asymptotic notation-Importance of efficient algorithms- Program performance measurement - Recurrences: The Substitution Method – The Recursion-Tree Method- Data structures and algorithms.

UNIT II HIERARCHICAL DATA STRUCTURES

C

Binary Search Trees: Basics – Querying a Binary search tree – Insertion and Deletion-Red Black trees: Properties of Red-Black Trees – Rotations – Insertion – Deletion -B-Trees: Definition of B -trees – Basic operations on B-Trees – Deleting a key from a B-Tree- Heap – Heap Implementation – Disjoint Sets - Fibonacci Heaps: structure – Mergeable-heap operations-Decreasing a key and deleting a node-Bounding the maximum degree.

UNIT III GRAPHS

9

Elementary Graph Algorithms: Representations of Graphs – Breadth-First Search – Depth-First Search – Topological Sort – Strongly Connected Components- Minimum Spanning Trees: Growing a Minimum Spanning Tree – Kruskal and Prim- Single-Source Shortest Paths: The Bellman-Ford algorithm – Single-Source Shortest paths in Directed Acyclic Graphs – Dijkstra's Algorithm; Dynamic Programming - All-Pairs Shortest Paths: Shortest Paths and Matrix Multiplication – The Floyd-Warshall Algorithm

UNIT IV ALGORITHM DESIGN TECHNIQUES

C

Dynamic Programming: Matrix-Chain Multiplication – Elements of Dynamic Programming – Longest Common Subsequence- Greedy Algorithms: – Elements of the Greedy Strategy- An Activity-Selection Problem - Huffman Coding.

UNIT V NP COMPLETE AND NP HARD

9

NP-Completeness: Polynomial Time – Polynomial-Time Verification – NP- Completeness and Reducibility – NP-Completeness Proofs – NP-Complete Problems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1. Write an algorithm for Towers of Hanoi problem using recursion and analyze the complexity (No of disc-4)
- 2. Write any one real time application of hierarchical data structure
- 3. Write a program to implement Make_Set, Find_Set and Union functions for Disjoint Set Data Structure for a given undirected graph G(V,E) using the linked list representation with simple implementation of Union operation
- 4. Find the minimum cost to reach last cell of the matrix from its first cell
- 5. Discuss about any NP completeness problem

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Design data structures and algorithms to solve computing problems.

CO2: Choose and implement efficient data structures and apply them to solve problems.

CO3: Design algorithms using graph structure and various string-matching algorithms to solve real-life problems.

CO4: Design one's own algorithm for an unknown problem.

CO5: Apply suitable design strategy for problem solving.

REFERENCES

- 1. S.Sridhar," Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2014.
- 2. Adam Drozdex, "Data Structures and algorithms in C++", Cengage Learning, 4th Edition, 2013.
- 3. T.H. Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C.Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2012.
- 4. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2009.
- 5. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", University Press, 2nd Edition, 2008.
- 6. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.

CP4152

DATABASE PRACTICES

LT P C 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Describe the fundamental elements of relational database management systems
- Explain the basic concepts of relational data model, entity-relationship model, relational database design, relational algebra and SQL.
- Understand query processing in a distributed database system
- Understand the basics of XML and create well-formed and valid XML documents.
- Distinguish the different types of NoSQL databases
- To understand the different models involved in database security and their applications in real time world to protect the database and information associated with them.

UNIT I RELATIONAL DATA MODEL

15

Entity Relationship Model – Relational Data Model – Mapping Entity Relationship Model to Relational Model – Relational Algebra – Structured Query Language – Database Normalization.

Suggested Activities:

Data Definition Language

- · Create, Alter and Drop
- Enforce Primary Key, Foreign Key, Check, Unique and Not Null Constraints
- Creating Views

Data Manipulation Language

- Insert, Delete, Update
- Cartesian Product, Equi Join, Left Outer Join, Right Outer Join and Full Outer Join
- Aggregate Functions
- Set Operations
- Nested Queries

Transaction Control Language

· Commit, Rollback and Save Points

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED DATABASES, ACTIVE DATABASES AND OPEN DATABASE CONNECTIVITY 15

Distributed Database Architecture – Distributed Data Storage – Distributed Transactions – Distributed Query Processing – Distributed Transaction Management – Event Condition Action Model – Design and Implementation Issues for Active Databases – Open Database Connectivity.

Suggested Activities:

- Distributed Database Design and Implementation
- Row Level and Statement Level Triggers
- Accessing a Relational Database using PHP, Python and R

UNIT III XML DATABASES

1

Structured, Semi structured, and Unstructured Data – XML Hierarchical Data Model – XML Documents – Document Type Definition – XML Schema – XML Documents and Databases – XML Querying – XPath – XQuery

Suggested Activities:

- Creating XML Documents, Document Type Definition and XML Schema
- Using a Relational Database to store the XML documents as text
- Using a Relational Database to store the XML documents as data elements
- Creating or publishing customized XML documents from pre-existing relational databases
- Extracting XML Documents from Relational Databases
- XML Querying

UNIT IV NOSQL DATABASES AND BIG DATA STORAGE SYSTEMS

15

NoSQL – Categories of NoSQL Systems – CAP Theorem – Document-Based NoSQL Systems and MongoDB – MongoDB Data Model – MongoDB Distributed Systems Characteristics – NoSQL Key-Value Stores – DynamoDB Overview – Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store – Wide Column NoSQL Systems – Hbase Data Model – Hbase Crud Operations – Hbase Storage and Distributed System Concepts – NoSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j – Cypher Query Language of Neo4j – Big Data – MapReduce – Hadoop – YARN.

Suggested Activities:

 Creating Databases using MongoDB, DynamoDB, Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j. Writing simple queries to access databases created using MongoDB, DynamoDB,
 Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j.

UNIT V DATABASE SECURITY

15

Database Security Issues – Discretionary Access Control Based on Granting and Revoking Privileges – Mandatory Access Control and Role-Based Access Control for Multilevel Security – SQL Injection – Statistical Database Security – Flow Control – Encryption and Public Key Infrastructures – Preserving Data Privacy – Challenges to Maintaining Database Security – Database Survivability – Oracle Label-Based Security.

Suggested Activities:

Implementing Access Control in Relational Databases

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1:Convert the ER-model to relational tables, populate relational databases and formulate SQL queries on data.

CO2:Understand and write well-formed XML documents

CO3:Be able to apply methods and techniques for distributed query processing.

CO4:Design and Implement secure database systems.

CO5:Use the data control, definition, and manipulation languages of the NoSQL databases

REFERENCES:

- 1. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education 2016.
- 2. Henry F. Korth, Abraham Silberschatz, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill, 2019.
- 3. C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, "An Introduction to Database Systems, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2006
- 4. Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke "Database Management Systems", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2015.
- 5. Harrison, Guy, "Next Generation Databases, NoSQL and Big Data", First Edition, Apress publishers, 2015
- 6. Thomas Cannolly and Carolyn Begg, "Database Systems, A Practical Approach to Design, Implementation and Management", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, 2015

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

CP4153

NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of networks
- To explore various technologies in the wireless domain
- To study about 4G and 5G cellular networks
- To learn about Network Function Virtualization
- To understand the paradigm of Software defined networks

UNIT I NETWORKING CONCEPTS

Ç

Peer To Peer Vs Client-Server Networks. Network Devices. Network Terminology. Network Speeds. Network throughput, delay. Osi Model. Packets, Frames, And Headers. Collision And

Broadcast Domains. LAN Vs WAN. Network Adapter. Hub. Switch. Router. Firewall, IP addressing.

UNIT II WIRELESS NETWORKS

9

Wireless access techniques- IEEE 802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11e, 802.11n/ac/ax/ay/ba/be, QoS – Bluetooth – Protocol Stack – Security – Profiles – zigbee

UNIT III MOBILE DATA NETWORKS

g

4G Networks and Composite Radio Environment – Protocol Boosters – Hybrid 4G Wireless Networks Protocols – Green Wireless Networks – Physical Layer and Multiple Access – Channel Modelling for 4G – Concepts of 5G – channel access –air interface -Cognitive Radio-spectrum management – C-RAN architecture - Vehicular communications-protocol – Network slicing – MIMO, mmWave, Introduction to 6G.

UNIT IV SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

9

SDN Architecture. Characteristics of Software-Defined Networking. SDN- and NFV-Related Standards. SDN Data Plane. Data Plane Functions. Data Plane Protocols. OpenFlow Logical Network Device. Flow Table Structure. Flow Table Pipeline. The Use of Multiple Tables. Group Table. OpenFlow Protocol. SDN Control Plane Architecture. Control Plane Functions. Southbound Interface. Northbound Interface. Routing. ITU-T Model. OpenDaylight. OpenDaylight Architecture. OpenDaylight Helium. SDN Application Plane Architecture. Northbound Interface. Network Services Abstraction Layer. Network Applications. User Interface.

UNIT V NETWORK FUNCTIONS VIRTUALIZATION

9

Motivation-Virtual Machines –NFV benefits-requirements – architecture- NFV Infrastructure - Virtualized Network Functions - NFV Management and Orchestration- NFV Use Cases- NFV and SDN –Network virtualization – VLAN and VPN

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain basic networking concepts

CO2: Compare different wireless networking protocols

CO3: Describe the developments in each generation of mobile data networks

CO4: Explain and develop SDN based applications

CO5: Explain the concepts of network function virtualization

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Execute various network utilities such as tracert, pathping, ipconfig

- 2. Implement the Software Defined Networking using Mininet
- 3. Implement routing in Mininet
- 4. Install a virtual machine and study network virtualization
- 5. Simulate various network topologies in Network Simulator

REFERENCES

- 1. James Bernstein, "Networking made Easy", 2018. (UNIT I)
- 2. HoudaLabiod, Costantino de Santis, HossamAfifi "Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Zigbee and WiMax", Springer 2007 (UNIT 2)
- 3. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, 4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile Broadband, Academic Press, 2013 (UNIT 3)

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Design and implement basic and advanced data structures extensively

CO2: Design algorithms using graph structures

CO3: Design and develop efficient algorithms with minimum complexity using design techniques

CO4: Develop programs using various algorithms.

CO5: Choose appropriate data structures and algorithms, understand the ADT/libraries, and use it to design algorithms for a specific problem.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Lipschutz Seymour, "Data Structures Schaum's Outlines Series", Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.
- 3. http://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms
- 4. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_structures_algorithms
- 5. http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-structures/

CP4291

INTERNET OF THINGS

LT PC 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To Understand the Architectural Overview of IoT
- To Understand the IoT Reference Architecture and Real World Design Constraints
- To Understand the various IoT levels
- To understand the basics of cloud architecture
- To gain experience in Raspberry PI and experiment simple IoT application on it

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9+6

Internet of Things- Domain Specific IoTs - IoT and M2M-Sensors for IoT Applications-Structure of IoT- IoT Map Device- IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG

UNIT II IOT ARCHITECTURE, GENERATIONS AND PROTOCOLS

9+6

IETF architecture for IoT - IoT reference architecture -First Generation - Description & Characteristics-Advanced Generation - Description & Characteristics-Integrated IoT Sensors - Description & Characteristics

UNIT III IOT PROTOCOLS AND TECHNOLOGY

9+6

SCADA and RFID Protocols - BACnet Protocol -Zigbee Architecture - 6LowPAN - CoAP -Wireless Sensor Structure-Energy Storage Module-Power Management Module-RF Module-Sensing Module

UNIT IV CLOUD ARCHITECTURE BASICS

9+6

The Cloud types; IaaS, PaaS, SaaS.- Development environments for service development; Amazon, Azure, Google Appcloud platform in industry

Building IOT with RASPBERRY PI- Creating the sensor project - Preparing Raspberry Pi - Clayster libraries - Hardware Interacting with the hardware - Interfacing the hardware- Internal representation of sensor values - Persisting data - External representation of sensor values - Exporting sensor data

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1. Develop an application for LED Blink and Pattern using Arduino or Raspberry Pi
- 2. Develop an application for LED Pattern with Push Button Control using Arduino or Raspberry Pi
- 3. Develop an application for LM35 Temperature Sensor to display temperature values using arduino or Raspberry Pi
- 4. Develop an application for Forest fire detection end node using Raspberry Pi device and sensor
- 5. Develop an application for home intrusion detection web application
- 6. Develop an application for Smart parking application using python and Django for web application

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Understand the various concept of the IoT and their technologies
- CO2: Develop the IoT application using different hardware platforms
- CO3: Implement the various IoT Protocols
- CO4: Understand the basic principles of cloud computing
- CO5: Develop and deploy the IoT application into cloud environment

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, Internet of Things: A hands-on approach, Universities Press, 2015
- 2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Florian Michahelles (Eds), Architecting the Internet of Things, Springer, 2011
- 3. Peter Waher, 'Learning Internet of Things', Packt Publishing, 2015
- 4. Ovidiu Vermesan Peter Friess, 'Internet of Things From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment', River Publishers, 2014
- 5. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces: A Multidisciplinary Introduction, 2nd EditionScitech Publishers, 202014
- 6. Reese, G. (2009). Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud. Sebastopol, CA: O'Reilly Media, Inc. (2009)

CP4292

MULTICORE ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING

LTPC

3024

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need for multi-core processors, and their architecture.
- To understand the challenges in parallel and multithreaded programming.
- To learn about the various parallel programming paradigms,
- To develop multicore programs and design parallel solutions.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Peter S. Pacheco, "An Introduction to Parallel Programming, Morgan-Kauffman/Elsevier, 2021.
- 2. Darryl Gove, "Multicore Application Programming for Windows, Linux, and Oracle Solaris, Pearson, 2011 (unit 2)
- 3. Michael J Quinn, "Parallel programming in C with MPI and OpenMP, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 4. Victor Alessandrini, Shared Memory Application Programming, 1st Edition, Concepts and Strategies in Multicore Application Programming, Morgan Kaufmann, 2015.
- 5. Yan Solihin, Fundamentals of Parallel Multicore Architecture, CRC Press, 2015.

CP4252

MACHINE LEARNING

LTPC

3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts and mathematical foundations of machine learning and types of problems tackled by machine learning
- To explore the different supervised learning techniques including ensemble methods
- To learn different aspects of unsupervised learning and reinforcement learning
- To learn the role of probabilistic methods for machine learning
- To understand the basic concepts of neural networks and deep learning

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS

9

What is Machine Learning? Need –History – Definitions – Applications - Advantages, Disadvantages & Challenges -Types of Machine Learning Problems – Mathematical Foundations - Linear Algebra & Analytical Geometry -Probability and Statistics- Bayesian Conditional Probability -Vector Calculus & Optimization - Decision Theory - Information theory

UNIT II SUPERVISED LEARNING

Ç

Introduction-Discriminative and Generative Models -Linear Regression - Least Squares -Under-fitting / Overfitting -Cross-Validation - Lasso Regression-Classification - Logistic Regression-Gradient Linear Models -Support Vector Machines -Kernel Methods -Instance based Methods - K-Nearest Neighbors - Tree based Methods -Decision Trees -ID3 - CART - Ensemble Methods -Random Forest - Evaluation of Classification Algorithms

UNIT III UNSUPERVISED LEARNING AND REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

9

Introduction - Clustering Algorithms -K - Means - Hierarchical Clustering - Cluster Validity - Dimensionality Reduction -Principal Component Analysis - Recommendation Systems - EM algorithm. Reinforcement Learning - Elements -Model based Learning - Temporal Difference Learning

UNIT IV PROBABILISTIC METHODS FOR LEARNING

9

Introduction -Naïve Bayes Algorithm -Maximum Likelihood -Maximum Apriori -Bayesian Belief Networks -Probabilistic Modelling of Problems -Inference in Bayesian Belief Networks — Probability Density Estimation - Sequence Models — Markov Models — Hidden Markov Models

Neural Networks – Biological Motivation- Perceptron – Multi-layer Perceptron – Feed Forward Network – Back Propagation-Activation and Loss Functions- Limitations of Machine Learning – Deep Learning – Convolution Neural Networks – Recurrent Neural Networks – Use cases

45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1. Give an example from our daily life for each type of machine learning problem
- 2. Study at least 3 Tools available for Machine Learning and discuss pros & cons of each
- 3. Take an example of a classification problem. Draw different decision trees for the example and explain the pros and cons of each decision variable at each level of the tree
- 4. Outline 10 machine learning applications in healthcare
- 5. Give 5 examples where sequential models are suitable.
- 6. Give at least 5 recent applications of CNN

PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

30 PERIODS

 Implement a Linear Regression with a Real Dataset (https://www.kaggle.com/harrywang/housing). Experiment with different features in building a model. Tune the model's hyperparameters.

ANTE

- 2. Implement a binary classification model. That is, answers a binary question such as "Are houses in this neighborhood above a certain price?" (use data from exercise 1). Modify the classification threshold and determine how that modification influences the model. Experiment with different classification metrics to determine your model's effectiveness.
- Classification with Nearest Neighbors. In this question, you will use the scikit-learn's KNN
 classifier to classify real vs. fake news headlines. The aim of this question is for you to read
 the scikit-learn API and get comfortable with training/validation splits. Use California Housing
 Dataset
- 4. In this exercise, you'll experiment with validation sets and test sets using the dataset. Split a training set into a smaller training set and a validation set. Analyze deltas between training set and validation set results. Test the trained model with a test set to determine whether your trained model is overfitting. Detect and fix a common training problem.
- 5. Implement the k-means algorithm using https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Codon+usage dataset
- Implement the Naïve Bayes Classifier using https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Gait+Classification dataset
- 7. Project (in Pairs) Your project must implement one or more machine learning algorithms and apply them to some data.
 - a. Your project may be a comparison of several existing algorithms, or it may propose a new algorithm in which case you still must compare it to at least one other approach.
 - b. You can either pick a project of your own design, or you can choose from the set of pre-defined projects.
 - c. You are free to use any third-party ideas or code that you wish as long as it is publicly available.
 - d. You must properly provide references to any work that is not your own in the write-up.
 - e. Project proposal You must turn in a brief project proposal. Your project proposal should describe the idea behind your project. You should also briefly describe software you will need to write, and papers (2-3) you plan to read.

List of Projects (datasets available)

- 1. Sentiment Analysis of Product Reviews
- 2. Stock Prediction
- 3. Sales Forecasting
- 4. Music Recommendation
- 5. Handwriting Digit Classification
- 6. Fake News Detection
- 7. Sports Prediction
- 8. Object Detection
- 9. Disease Prediction

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand and outline problems for each type of machine learning

CO2: Design a Decision tree and Random forest for an application

CO3: Implement Probabilistic Discriminative and Generative algorithms for an application and analyze the results.

CO4: Use a tool to implement typical Clustering algorithms for different types of applications.

CO5: Design and implement an HMM for a Sequence Model type of application and identify applications suitable for different types of Machine Learning with suitable justification.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2nd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Kevin Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012
- 3. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", Third Edition, Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series, MIT Press, 2014
- 4. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
- 5. Peter Flach, "Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 6. Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David, "Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms", Cambridge University Press, 2015
- 7. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2007.
- 8. Hal Daumé III, "A Course in Machine Learning", 2017 (freely available online)
- 9. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elements of Statistical Learning", Springer, 2009 (freely available online)
- 10. Aurélien Géron , Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems 2nd Edition, o'reilly, (2017)

SE4151

ADVANCED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the rationale for software development process models
- To understand why the architectural design of software is important;
- To understand the five important dimensions of dependability, namely, availability, reliability, safety, security, and resilience.

Parallel Patterns: Convolution, Prefix Sum, Sparse Matrix - Matrix Multiplication - Programming Heterogeneous Cluster.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1. Debugging Lab
- 2. Performance Lab
- 3. Launching Nsight
- 4. Running Performance Analysis
- 5. Understanding Metrics
- 6. NVIDIA Visual Profiler
- 7. Matrix Transpose Optimization
- 8. Reduction Optimization

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Describe GPU Architecture

CO2: Write programs using CUDA, identify issues and debug them

CO3: Implement efficient algorithms in GPUs for common application kernels, such as matrix multiplication

CO4: Write simple programs using OpenCL

CO5: Identify efficient parallel programming patterns to solve problems

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Shane Cook, CUDA Programming: "A Developer's Guide to Parallel Computing with GPUs (Applications of GPU Computing), First Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012.
- 2. David R. Kaeli, Perhaad Mistry, Dana Schaa, Dong Ping Zhang, "Heterogeneous computing with OpenCL, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kauffman, 2015.
- 3. Nicholas Wilt, "CUDA Handbook: A Comprehensive Guide to GPU Programming, Addison Wesley, 2013.
- 4. Jason Sanders, Edward Kandrot, "CUDA by Example: An Introduction to General Purpose GPU Programming, Addison Wesley, 2010.
- 5. David B. Kirk, Wen-mei W. Hwu, Programming Massively Parallel Processors A Hands-on Approach, Third Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2016.
- 6. http://www.nvidia.com/object/cuda home new.html
- 7. http://www.openCL.org

IF4073

DEVOPS AND MICROSERVICES

L T PC 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic concepts and terminology of DevOps
- To gain knowledge on Devops platform
- To understand building and deployment of code
- To be familiar with DevOps automation tools

To learn basics of MLOps

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9+6

Software Engineering - traditional and Agile process models - DevOps -Definition - Practices - DevOps life cycle process - need for DevOps -Barriers

UNIT II DEVOPS PLATFORM AND SERVICES

9+6

Cloud as a platform - IaaS, PaaS, SaaS - Virtualization - Containers -Supporting Multiple Data Centers - Operation Services - Hardware provisioning- software Provisioning - IT services - SLA - capacity planning - security - Service Transition - Service Operation Concepts.

UNIT III BUILDING, TESTING AND DEPLOYMENT

9+6

Microservices architecture - coordination model - building and testing - Deployment pipeline - Development and Pre-commit Testing -Build and Integration Testing - continuous integration - monitoring - security - Resources to Be Protected - Identity Management

UNIT IV DEVOPS AUTOMATION TOOLS

9+6

Infrastructure Automation - Configuration Management - Deployment Automation - Performance Management - Log Management - Monitoring.

UNIT V MLOPS

9+6

MLOps - Definition - Challenges -Developing Models - Deploying to production - Model Governance - Real world examples

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1. Creating a new Git repository, cloning existing repository, Checking changes into a Git repository, Pushing changes to a Git remote, Creating a Git branch
- 2. Installing Docker container on windows/Linux, issuing docker commands
- 3. Building Docker Images for Python Application
- 4. Setting up Docker and Maven in Jenkins and First Pipeline Run
- 5. Running Unit Tests and Integration Tests in Jenkins Pipelines

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Implement modern software Engineering process

CO2: work with DevOps platform

CO3: build, test and deploy code

CO4: Explore DevOps tools

CO5: Correlate MLOps concepts with real time examples

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Len Bass, Ingo Weber and Liming Zhu, —"DevOps: A Software Architect's Perspective", Pearson Education, 2016
- 2. Joakim Verona "Practical DevOps" Packet Publishing, 2016
- 3. Viktor Farcic -"The DevOps 2.1 Toolkit: Docker Swarm" Packet Publishing, 2017
- 4. Mark Treveil, and the Dataiku Team-"Introducing MLOps" O'Reilly Media- 2020

ONLINE RESOURCES:

- 1. https://examupdates.in/big-data-analytics/
- 2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/big_data_analytics/index.htm
- 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_mining/index.htm

CP4094

MOBILE AND PERVASIVE COMPUTING

LTPC 3003

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Mobile Computing and Personal Computing
- To learn the role of cellular networks in Mobile and Pervasive Computing
- To expose to the concept of sensor and mesh networks
- To expose to the context aware and wearable computing
- To learn to develop applications in mobile and pervasive computing environment

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Differences between Mobile Communication and Mobile Computing – Contexts and Names – Functions – Applications and Services – New Applications – Making Legacy Applications Mobile Enabled – Design Considerations – Integration of Wireless and Wired Networks – Standards Bodies – Pervasive Computing – Basics and Vision – Principles of Pervasive Computing – Categories of Pervasive Devices

UNIT II 3G AND 4G CELLULAR NETWORKS

Q

Migration to 3G Networks – IMT 2000 and UMTS – UMTS Architecture – User Equipment – Radio Network Subsystem – UTRAN – Node B – RNC functions – USIM – Protocol Stack – CS and PS Domains – IMS Architecture – Handover – 3.5G and 3.9G a brief discussion – 4G LAN and Cellular Networks – LTE – Control Plane – NAS and RRC – User Plane – PDCP, RLC and MAC – WiMax IEEE 802.16d/e – WiMax Internetworking with 3GPP

UNIT III SENSOR AND MESH NETWORKS

9

Sensor Networks – Role in Pervasive Computing – In Network Processing and Data Dissemination – Sensor Databases – Data Management in Wireless Mobile Environments – Wireless Mesh Networks – Architecture – Mesh Routers – Mesh Clients – Routing – Cross Layer Approach – Security Aspects of Various Layers in WMN – Applications of Sensor and Mesh networks

UNIT IV CONTEXT AWARE COMPUTING & WEARABLE COMPUTING

9

Adaptability – Mechanisms for Adaptation - Functionality and Data – Transcoding – Location Aware Computing – Location Representation – Localization Techniques – Triangulation and Scene Analysis – Delaunay Triangulation and Voronoi graphs – Types of Context – Role of Mobile Middleware – Adaptation and Agents – Service Discovery Middleware Health BAN- Medical and Technological Requirements-Wearable Sensors-Intra-BAN communications

UNIT V APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

9

Three tier architecture - Model View Controller Architecture - Memory Management - Information Access Devices - PDAs and Smart Phones - Smart Cards and Embedded Controls - J2ME - Programming for CLDC - GUI in MIDP - Application Development ON Android and iPhone

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Design a basic architecture for a pervasive computing environment
- CO2: Design and allocate the resources on the 3G-4G wireless networks
- CO3: Analyze the role of sensors in Wireless networks
- CO4: Work out the routing in mesh network
- CO5: Deploy the location and context information for application development
- CO6: Develop mobile computing applications based on the paradigm of context aware computing and wearable computing

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Asoke K Talukder, Hasan Ahmed, Roopa R Yavagal, "Mobile Computing: Technology, Applications and Service Creation", 2nd ed, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 2. Reto Meier, "Professional Android 2 Application Development", Wrox Wiley, 2010.
- 3. Pei Zheng and Lionel M Li, 'Smart Phone & Next Generation Mobile Computing', Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2006.
- 4. Frank Adelstein, 'Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing', TMH, 2005
- 5. Jochen Burthardt et al, 'Pervasive Computing: Technology and Architecture of Mobile Internet Applications', Pearson Education, 2003
- 6. Feng Zhao and Leonidas Guibas, 'Wireless Sensor Networks', Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2004
- 7. Uwe Hansmaan et al, 'Principles of Mobile Computing', Springer, 2nd edition, 2006
- 8. Reto Meier, "Professional Android 2 Application Development", Wrox Wiley, 2010.
- 9. Mohammad s. Obaidat et al, "Pervasive Computing and Networking", John wiley, 2011
- Stefan Poslad, "Ubiquitous Computing: Smart Devices, Environments and Interactions", Wiley, 2009
- 11. Frank Adelstein Sandeep K. S. Gupta Golden G. Richard III Loren Schwiebert "Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing, ", McGraw-Hill, 2005

MP4094

WEB SERVICES AND API DESIGN

L T PC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basics of Web service.
- To become familiar with the Web Services building blocks
- To learn to work with RESTful web services.
- To implement the RESTful web services.
- To understand resource oriented Architecture.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEB SERVICE

9

Overview – Web service-Architecture – Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA), Architecting Web Services: Web Services Technology Stack, Logical Architectural View, Deployment Architectural View, and Process Architectural View.

UNIT II WEB SERVICE BUILDING BLOCKS

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Introduction to SOAP: SOAP Syntax- Sending SOAP Messages - SOAP Implementations - Introduction to WSDL: WSDL Syntax - SOAP Binding - WSDL Implementations - Introduction to UDDI: The UDDI API - Implementations - The Future of UDDI

CO3: create and specify such a software design based on the requirement specification that the software can be implemented based on the design.

CO4: Can assess the extent and costs of a project with the help of several different assessment methods.

CP4391

SECURITY PRACTICES

L T PC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the core fundamentals of system and web security concepts
- To have through understanding in the security concepts related to networks
- To deploy the security essentials in IT Sector
- To be exposed to the concepts of Cyber Security and cloud security
- To perform a detailed study of Privacy and Storage security and related Issues

UNIT I SYSTEM SECURITY

9

Model of network security – Security attacks, services and mechanisms – OSI security architecture - A Cryptography primer- Intrusion detection system- Intrusion Prevention system - Security web applications- Case study: OWASP - Top 10 Web Application Security Risks.

UNIT II NETWORK SECURITY

. 9

Internet Security - Intranet security - Local Area Network Security - Wireless Network Security - Wireless Sensor Network Security - Case Study - Kali Linux.

UNIT III SECURITY MANAGEMENT

9

Information security essentials for IT Managers- Security Management System - Policy Driven System Management- IT Security - Online Identity and User Management System. Case study: Metasploit

UNIT IV CYBER SECURITY AND CLOUD SECURITY

a

Cyber Forensics – Disk Forensics – Network Forensics – Wireless Forensics – Database Forensics – Malware Forensics – Mobile Forensics – Email Forensics- Best security practices for automate Cloud infrastructure management – Establishing trust in IaaS, PaaS, and SaaS Cloud types. Case study: DVWA

UNIT V PRIVACY AND STORAGE SECURITY

9

Privacy on the Internet - Privacy Enhancing Technologies - Personal privacy Policies - Detection of Conflicts in security policies- privacy and security in environment monitoring systems. Storage Area Network Security - Storage Area Network Security Devices - Risk management - Physical Security Essentials.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Understand the core fundamentals of system security

CO2: Apply the security concepts to wired and wireless networks

CO3: Implement and Manage the security essentials in IT Sector

CO4: Explain the concepts of Cyber Security and Cyber forensics

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. John R. Vacca, Computer and Information Security Handbook, Third Edition, Elsevier 2017
- 2. Michael E. Whitman, Herbert J. Mattord, Principles of Information Security, Seventh Edition, Cengage Learning, 2022
- 3. Richard E. Smith, Elementary Information Security, Third Edition, Jones and Bartlett Learning, 2019
- 4. Mayor, K.K.Mookhey, Jacopo Cervini, Fairuzan Roslan, Kevin Beaver, Metasploit Toolkit for Penetration Testing, Exploit Development and Vulnerability Research, Syngress publications, Elsevier, 2007. ISBN: 978-1-59749-074-0
- 5. John Sammons, "The Basics of Digital Forensics- The Primer for Getting Started in Digital Forensics", Syngress, 2012
- 6. Cory Altheide and Harlan Carvey, "Digital Forensics with Open Source Tools",2011 Syngress, ISBN: 9781597495875.
- 7. Siani Pearson, George Yee "Privacy and Security for Cloud Computing" Computer Communications and Networks, Springer, 2013.

MP4092

HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION

L T P C 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the foundations of Human Computer Interaction
- Understanding Interaction Styles and to become familiar with the design technologies for individuals and persons with disabilities.
- To understand the process of Evaluation of Interaction Design.
- To clarify the significance of task analysis for ubiquitous computing
- To get insight on web and mobile interaction.

UNIT I FOUNDATIONS OF HCI

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Context of Interaction –Ergonomics - Designing Interactive systems – Understanding Users-cognition and cognitive frameworks, User Centred approaches Usability, Universal Usability, Understanding and conceptualizing interaction, Guidelines, Principles and Theories. Importance of User Interface: Definition-Importance of good design-Benefits of good design-Human-centered development and Evaluation-Human Performance models-A Brief history of screen design.

UNIT II INTERACTION STYLES

9

GUI: Popularity of graphics - The concept of direct manipulation - Graphical system - Characteristics - Web user - Interface Popularity - Characteristics and Principles of User Interface. Understanding interaction styles, Direct Navigation and Immersive environments, Fluid navigation, Expressive Human and Command Languages, Communication and Collaboration Advancing the user experience, Timely user Experience, Information search, Data Visualization Design process: Human Interaction with computers - Importance of Human Characteristics - Human Consideration - Human Interaction Speeds and Understanding Business Junctions.